Patient/User involvement - the patient perspective

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My background

- CEO, Danish Patients
 - Umbrella organization 78 patient associations representing 850.000 members
- CEO, Danish Knowledge Centre For User Involvement in Health Care
 - Gathers and promotes knowledge, works and tools aiming at strengthening patient involvement
 - Established October 2011
 - Supported by TrygFonden





Patient experience

- Errors during the initial investigation and treatment
- Received the diagnosis from a doctor they had not met before
- Insecure about their future treatment plan
- Lack of continuity of care in the transferal from one health care unit to another
- Insufficiently involved in decisions about their own treatment and care
- Insecurity and anxiety when discharged from hospital
- Needs for rehabilitation are not sufficiently met.



Change in needs and demands

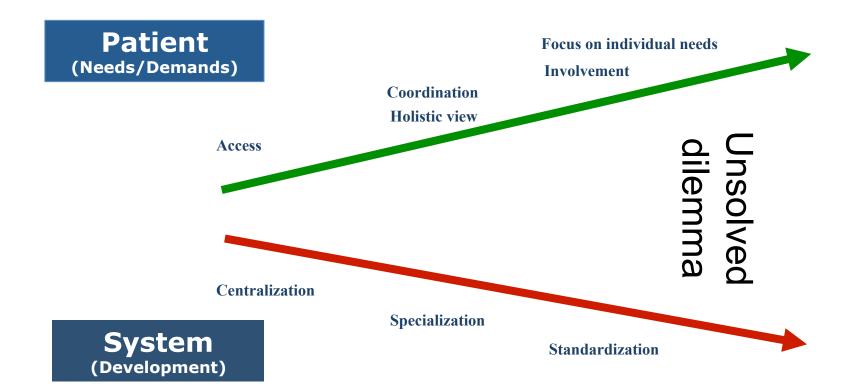
Change in disease pattern

- Approximately 1.7 million Danes suffer from one or more chronic diseases
- Long term / life long illness
- Both patient and citizen

Change in patient role

- Seeking information
- Knowledge of disease and treatment
- More active
- Increasing demands for cooperation







Patient-orientation	Patient involvement
 Disease management programs Integrated treatment pathways Clinical guidelines Reduction of waiting times Accreditation Contact persons 	 Shared decision making Patient education Home/Self monitoring Dialogue meetings Patient representatives User committee Patient Experience
Organizing treatment according to patient-orientated treatment goals	Involving patients in the formulation of goals and/or in the realization of treatment goals



Effects of involving patients

- It has been documented that patient involvement has a positive effect:
 - Quality of life and patient satisfaction
 - Clinical outcome
 - Patient safety
 - Changes in the provision of services

e.g.

- Coulter A, Ellins J. Patient-focused interventions A review of the evidence. London: The Health Foundation, 2006.
- Bauman AE et al, 2003
- Institute of Medicine, 2001



Patient involvement – at the individual level

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Professional

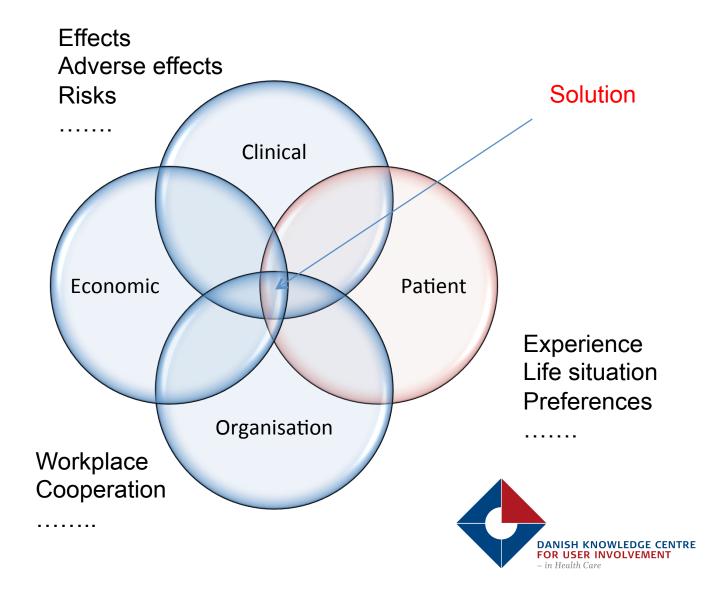
- Treatment methods
- Effects
- Adverse effects
 - Risks

E Patient

- Experience
- Life situation
- History of treatment
- Overall disease picture
- Preferences



Patient involvement – at the organizational level



What have we learned from involving patients?

Individual level

- Patients detect other types of errors and incidents than do staff - e.g. in patient handover/transitions
- Patients can be used as informants in order to prevent medical errors

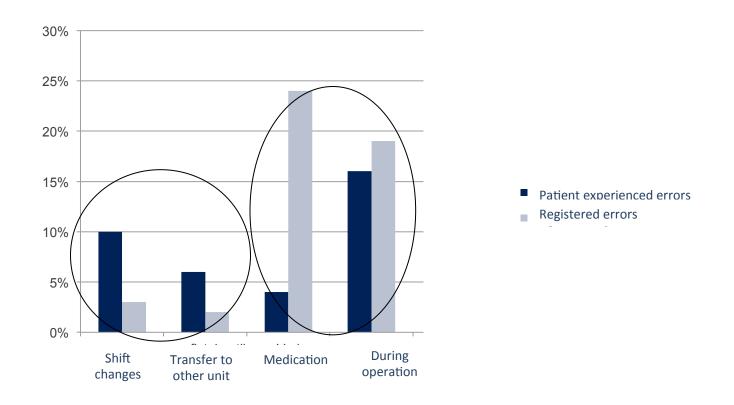
Organizational level

Patient reporting systems are known to improve patient safety



Circumstances

Patient experienced errors versus errors registered in medical records



To sider – samme sag. Enheden for Brugerundersøgelser, 2006



What is learned from involving patients?

Individual level

- Patients detect other types of errors and incidents than do staff - e.g. in patient handover/transitions
- Patients can be used as informants in order to prevent medical errors

Organizational level

Patient reporting systems are known to improve patient safety



Patient reporting of adverse events

Conclusions:

- Patients possess valuable knowledge
- Patients can identify events that may affect treatment
- Patient experiences complement health professional knowledge
- Patients are able to make proposals for possible causes
- Patient reporting sustains the development of a strong safety culture

Need for more research

E.g.

- Kræftens Bekæmpelse. Kræftpatienters rapportering af utilsigtede hændelser. København, 2010.
- Primdahl J. Patient rapporteringer partnerskab med patienterne på Kong Chr. X's Gigthospital, 2007
- Weissman JS et al. Comparing patientreported outcome......, Ann Intern Med 2008;149:100-8
- Coulter A, Ellins J. Patient-focused interventions A review of the evidence. London: The Health Foundation, 2006

